IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

FOR THE

SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA Savannah Division

In the matter of	:)	
THELMA LATRELL JACKSON (Chapter 13 Case 90-41713)))	Adversary Proceeding
•	Debtor)	Number <u>90-4202</u>
THELMA LATRELL 3	JACKSON)	
	Plaintiff)	
V.)	
BILLY WATSON d/b/a B & W Moto	ors)	
	Defendant)	

MEMORANDUM AND ORDER

This matter comes before the Court upon a Complaint to Recover Money or Property and for damages for the Defendant's continued violation of the Automatic Stay and contempt of Orders of this Court. Upon consideration of the evidence adduced at the hearing of January 22, 1991, the briefs and other documentation submitted by the parties together with applicable authorities I make the following Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law.

FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

The Debtor filed a Petition under a Chapter 13 of the Bankruptcy Code with this Court on September 21, 1990, and duly listed the Defendant as a Creditor on her Schedules. On September

24, 1990, the Defendant repossessed the Debtor's 1984 Mercury Topaz Notwithstanding multiple notices of the Debtor's Chapter filing, the Creditor retained the vehicle and refused to return The Defendant was first notified of the Debtor's it to the Debtor. call from Debtor's Chapter 13 filing by telephone counsel September 20, 1990. The Defendant was notified a second time on or about September 23, 1990, by the Clerk of this Court by mailed copy of the Court's Section 341 Order and Notice which specifically outlined the protection granted the Debtor under the Bankruptcy Code making specific reference to 11 U.S.C. § 362 and 11 U.S.C. § 1301 and warning the Defendant that should unauthorized action by a creditor against a Debtor or the property of a Debtor the Court may punish that Creditor. Notwithstanding that notice, the Defendant still refused to return the Debtor's automobile.

The Defendant received a third notice of the Debtor's Chapter 13 filing by mailed copy of the Court's notice of Trial on Debtor's motion to recover the automobile which was for November 29, 1990. Upon hearing the above matter on November Defendant this 29, 1990, with the absent, Court ordered Defendant to return the 1984 Topaz all Mercury and personal belongings to the Debtor. On November 29, 1990, the Debtor attorney presented a true copy of the above-referenced order to the Defendant at which time the Defendant informed the Debtor that had sold the vehicle. On December 12, 1990, the Debtor filed a second Adversary Proceeding seeking damages against the Defendant for his actions. On January 22, 1991, the Defendant did appear with counsel before the Court for a hearing on the December 12th Motion. At the hearing on that Motion, the Defendant stated that he did in fact have the automobile in his possession. The Debtor was deprived of the use of her vehicle for 82 days.

At the conclusion of the hearing on this matter, determined that the Defendant had violated the Automatic Stay on least four occasions. I then awarded the Debtor compensatory damages in the amount of the value of the vehicle, or \$1595.00. addition, I found that the Debtor's attorney was entitled to fees in the sum of \$930.00. The Debtor was also awarded \$820.00 for loss of use of her vehicle, which represents the amount of \$10.00 per day for each of the 82 days the Debtor was deprived of the use of her vehicle. Finally, the Defendant's claim in the amount of \$325.00 submitted in the Debtor's Chapter 13 case was denied. The matter was taken under advisement to review the propriety punitive damages for the Defendant's continuing violation the 362 Stay and/or contempt of an Order of this Section Inasmuch as the disallowance of the Defendants claim is punitive in nature and the Defendant is ordered to pay the attorney's fees of the Debtor and has essentially made the Debtor whole for her loss, I find that the deterrent purpose of punitive damages has been met. judgment is sufficient and no additional punitive Therefore, this damages will be awarded.

ORDER

Pursuant to the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law IT IS THE ORDER OF THIS COURT that the Debtor be awarded compensatory damages in the amount of \$1,595.00 for the value of the lost vehicle, plus \$820.00 for the loss of use of said

vehicle for a total amount of \$2,415.00. In addition, the Debtor's attorney shall be awarded fees in the amount of \$930.00 for the prosecution of this action. Finally, the Defendants claim in the amount of \$325.00 in the Debtor's pending Chapter 13 case shall be disallowed.

Lamar W. Davis, Jr.
United States Bankruptcy Judge

Dated at Savannah, Georgia

This _____ day of March, 1991.